THE COLUMBIAN MIRROR AND ALEXANDRIA GAZETTE.

Four Dollars per Ann.] THURSDAY, SEPTEMBER 26, 1799. [Vol. VII.--No. 1006

VENDUE.

ON TUESDAY and FRIDAY, in every week, at 10 o'clock in the morning, will be exposed for sale at the Vendue-Store corner of Prince and Water streets,

A VARIETY OF

Wet and Dry Goods,

of which the particulars will be given previous to the sale.

The business of VENDUE MASTER having devolved entirely on the subscriber, he informs the Public, that the store will always be kept open for the reception of GOODS, and selling such articles therein, between the times of Public Sales, as may be on limitation. He likewise offers his services in transacting any kind of Commission Business,

PHILIP G. MARSTELLER.

January 29, 1799.

THE SUBSCRIBER

Takes the liberty of informing the public that he has opened Store in King street, nearly opposite Mr. Jamefon's, where he offers for sale the following

G O O D S,

—VIZ.—

A handsome assortment of

IRISH LINEN

in 12 boxes, from ¼ of a dollar to 2 dollars per yard, be sold by the box or piece.

A box of Irish Cambric,

assorted.

Red and White Wines,

by the cask, dozen or gallon.

S P I R I T S,

Rum, Brandy, Geneva and Whiskey.

G R O C E R I E S,

Consisting of Teas, Sugars, Molasses, Chocolate, Coffee, Cotton, Soap, Candles, coarse Shoes, &c.

All of which he is determined to sell on the most moderate terms for good payments.

THOMAS CRUSE.

Alexandria, 24th Sept. 1799.

RECEIVED

Per schooner Trial, Capt. Hand, from Philadelphia,

A consignment of

Ticklenburgs, Oznaburgs,

Heffians, Brown and White Rolls, Dowlas, Flanders Linens, &c. &c. which will be sold low for cash.

HEWES & MILLER.

Sept. 24.

I have for Sale,

A FARM, containing 170 acres. There are on the same a framed house, with two brick chimneys and four rooms below, a dairy, meat-house, kitchen, barn, and an excellent apple orchard, with other fruit trees. A quantity of good meadow may be made.

The above is a lease for two lives, paying a rent of 13 cwt. of Tobacco per year. If it is not sold, it will be rented, and may be entered upon the 1st day of January. It is about 7½ miles from Alexandria.

I have also for sale, in fee-simple, 3 Lots of Land, containing from 10 to 30 acres each.—They are beautifully situated for country seats, being high and healthy, and commands an extensive prospect of the Potomak. They are about 5½ miles from Alexandria.

Also, the time of an active black Boy, now 24 years old, who has to serve till he is 25.

Wm BUSHBY.

September 3.

Mr. Warrell

IMPREST with the most lively sentiments of gratitude for the favours conferred on him by the Ladies and Gentlemen of Alexandria, cannot without feeling extreme regret inform them, that, from particular circumstances which have lately taken place, and which are immediately connected with his interest, he is necessitated to decline his dancing school. He assures them, however, that the respect which he entertains for their kind patronage can never be eradicated from his bosom, and can only keep pace with their liberality.

Sept. 23.

For Sale.

A VERY valuable Lot of Ground on Royal between Prince and Duke Streets, fronting on Royal-street 76 feet, and running back 118 feet to a 10 feet Alley.

HEWES & MILLER.

Who are authorized to let the STORE opposite them, now in the tenure of Samuel Craig, esq. As a stand for business, it is excelled by few in this town. Possession may be had early in October next.

August 15.

JOHN FOSTER

Has at his Warehouse, at the corner of Prince and Royal Streets, formerly occupied by Mr. David Wilson Scott,

PRIME Philadelphia Pork in barrels;
Prime and cargo Beef in do.
Madeira, Sherry, Port, Lisbon, Tenneriffe, and Malaga Wines of a superior quality;
Cogniac, French and Spanish Brandy;
4th proof Jamaica Spirits;
Grenada do.
Holland Gin;
London Draught Porter in hogsheads;
Imperial, Hyson, Y'g Hyson, Hyson-skin, Souchong & Bohea Teas of the first quality;
Scotch Barley of a superior quality;
Alum;
Durham Mustard in cases and bottles;
Black Pepper;
Allspice;
Anchovies and Capers;
Fig Blue;
Writing & Wrapping Paper;
6d. 10d. 12d. and 20d Nails in casks;
Gilt, Plated & Metal Coat & Breast Buttons;
WhiteChapel Needles assorted:
Brass Cabinet Wares;
A small assortment of Plated Candlesticks, Wax Stands, Bottle Slides, Salts, Tea Pots, Cream Ewers, &c. Cloths, Shoe-blacking, Dairy and Horse Brushes;
Smiths' Vices, black and bright—

Which he will sell by the package or otherwise on very moderate terms for cash or negotiable notes.

Alexandria, 10th Sept. 1799.

Joshua Riddle

Has just received and now offers for sale, at his store on Fairfax Street, a neat assortment of

GOODS;

AMONG WHICH ARE,

Cloths, kerseymeres, calimancoes, durants, moreens, muslins, chintzes, calicoes, ginghams, checks, striped linen and cotton, Irish linens, Britannias, bleached rolls, drillings, Russia duck, ticklenburgs, oznaburgs, &c. vest patterns, coloured nankeens, silk do. stockings, bed ticking, threads, tapes, and bobbin, loaf and brown sugars, chocolate, James River tobacco, pipes in kegs and boxes, tea trays, waiters and canisters, glass ware assorted, hard ware, Leiper's snuff, mustard, shoes assorted.

ALSO,

A Choice Collection of

FRESH TEAS,

Which he can recommend for the use of private families—consisting of Imperial, Young Hyson Hyson, Hyson Skin, &c.

July 18.



ALEXANDRIA, AND BALTIMORE, PHILADELPHIA STAGES.

THE Subscribers beg leave to inform the public that the line of Stages is complete from Alexandria, to Baltimore, Philadelphia, New-York &c,

And will leave the house of Peter Heiskell, sign of General Washington, King street, Alexandria, every morning at 5 o'clock, and will arrive at the Fountain Inn, Baltimore, the same evening at 5 o'clock. ; from thence it proceeds the next morning for Philadelphia, &c.

The price of each passenger from Alexandria to Baltimore is FOUR DOLLARS, with an allowance of 25 pounds of baggage, which must be at the risque of the owner.

AMOS ALEXANDER.
JAMES BRYDEN.
JOHN H. BARNEY, & Co.

August 8.

To be Rented,

And possession given on the 1st of October,

A LARGE

Brick Dwelling-House,

on Fairfax-street, at present occupied by Mr. STIER. It has an excellent kitchen and out offices, with all the necessary accommodations for a family.

Apply to the Editor of the Columbian Mirror.

August 22.

FOR SALE,

Sugar in Hhds. and Barrels,

Coffee in bags,
25 Barrels of excellent Pork,
A few elegant Marble Chimney Pieces,
About 50 crates assorted Earthen Ware,
A few casks of sheathing and scupper nails.

W. HODGSON.

Jacob Hoffman,

Has received by the late arrivals at Baltimore, his

SPRING GOODS;

among which are,

Superfine cloths and Kerseymeres	Do. Persians
Muslins	Do. Pelongs
Jaconet do.	Sarsanetts
Tambord do	Silk shawls
Printed do.	Mohair do.
Striped do.	Ribbons
Book do.	Black & white thread lace
Cambrek do.	Edgings
Calico	White and black fatinett veils
Ginghams	Nelson shiver plumes
Merseilles	Egyptian do.
Dimities	Irish linen
Coloured and striped nankeen	Striped do.
Silk do.	Long lawn
Janes	Tick'enburgs
Durants	Oznaburgs
Calimancoes	Ravens duck
Coloured satins	Russia drilling

1 Case Mens best Leghorn Hats, lined, bound and leathered with green unders.

ALSO ON HAND,

A GENERAL ASSORTMENT OF

INDIA GOODS.

July 11.

Negroes Wanted.

ANY person having Male Negroes to dispose of, from the age of 13 to 20, may hear of a purchaser by applying to the Editor.

Sept. 14.

TO LET,

And possession given immediately,

THE STORE, lately occupied by Mr. Robert Clark, at the corner of King and Royal Streets. For terms apply to

June 8 JOHN HARPER.

James Wilson

Has just received per the Elizabeth, Cap Rose, from London, a general assortment of

SPRING GOODS,

CONSISTING OF

German and British oznaburgs	Hosiery
Dowlasses	Cambricks
Russia sheetings	Stuffs of all kinds
Brown platillas	Paper and quills
Silesias	A few sets of elegant Looking Glasses and Prints
Checks	Pins
Striped ticks	Nails 4d. 6d. 8d. 10d. 12d. and 20d.
Printed callicoes	Draught and bottled Porter of an excellent quality
Ginghams	Gloucester, Cheshire, Pine Apple and Sage Cheeses
Dimities	
Quiltings	
Superfine cloths and kerseymeres	
Sail cloth from No. 1 to 8	

N. B. Some of the above Goods are in packages suitable for the West-India market.

July 6.

FOR SALE.

For Ready Cash, or on a short Credit,

MOLASSES, By the Hogshead.
OZNABURGS, by the bale or bolt,
DOWLASS,
BRITANIAS,
PLATILLAS, } By the Box or Piece.
COFFEE, by the bag
2d, 3d, and 4th proof W. I. RUM, by the hhd
1st and 2d quality MUSCOVADO SUGAR, by the barrel or hhd.

R. T. HOOE & Co.

June 15.

A CONVENIENT

DWELLING-HOUSE

To let by the quarter or year.

R. T. HOOE.

June 15.

Lands for Sale, or exchange for other Property.

SEVEN hundred and eighty-eight acres in the county of Hampshire, on the waters of Great Cape Capon, and adjoining Sidelin Hill.

Four thousand eight hundred and seventy acres in the county of Ohio, on the waters of Grave and Fishing creeks, near the river Ohio, and about 80 miles below Pittsburg. These lands are generally good, as I am informed. I will sell them for ready cash, upon credit, or exchange them for lands in Fairfax County, or Lots of land in the town of Alexandria, or the Federal city.

R. T. HOOE.

June 30.

Baltimore and Alexandria Mail-Stages, and

ACCOMMODATION COACHEE.

THE public are respectfully informed, that the Baltimore and Alexandria Mail-Stages, which are connected with the United States Mail Coachee Line from Baltimore to Philadelphia, New-York, &c. and the Virginia Mail Line from Alexandria to Fredericksburgh, Richmond, Petersburg, and Norfolk, are now in complete order, and will as usual leave the Indian Queen, Baltimore, every morning, Sunday excepted, at four o'clock, and arrive at Alexandria at four in the afternoon. Returning; will leave Mr. Gadsby's tavern, Alexandria, at three o'clock every morning. Sunday's excepted, and arrive in Baltimore to dinner, one hour before the Bank shuts. The Accommodation Coachee (to commence on Sunday the 23d inst,) is established for the particular convenience of our Alexandria, Georgetown and Baltimore customers, will also leave the Indian Queen, Baltimore, every Sunday, Tuesday and Thursday, and Mr. Gadby's Tavern, Alexandria, every Sunday, Wednesday and Friday, at 6 o'clock in the morning, and arrive at their different places of destination by 6 o'clock in the afternoon. Fare for passengers, Three Dollars and Fifty Cents, with an allowance of 30 weight of Baggage. All baggage to be at the risk of the owner.

JESSE SIMMS,
THOS. RHODES,
C M'LAUGHLIN
Wm. EVANS & Co. } Proprietors.

18th June.

Will be offered at public sale at Fauquier Court house on the 15th day of October next,

THREE-FOURTH PARTS OF A

MERCHANT MILL & SAW MILL

situate on Carter's Run, about 8 miles from the Court-house—also a tract of LAND on Piney Ride, containing about 700 acres.—This land lies about two miles from the mill and is covered with pine timber. For further particulars enquire of Col. Pickett, who will shew the premises to any person desirous of purchasing.

RICHARD M. SCOTT.

Bush Hill, 14th Sept. 1799. 2aw tf.

American Manufactory.

The subscribers offers for sale a quantity of

WINDOW GLASS,

from the Boston Manufactory, of different sizes. The quality of which is superior to that imported.

DAVID POLOCK & Co.

N. B. They will have a constant supply of this article, and will furnish any quantity of (sizes) from 6 by 8, to 12 by 18, and any that may be wanted larger, can be cut at the manufactory and will be supplied by orders being left with the subscribers.

Aug. 20.

TO LET,

A House and Lot

On Cameron-Street, opposite to the Market-House, at present in the occupation of John Duff. Also, a STORE and CELLAR at the corner of Prince and Water-streets, lately occupied by James Kennedy. For terms apply to

PH. G. MARSTELLER.

June 12.

Manufactured Tobacco.

Just received from Richmond, and for sale by the subscribers,

MANUFACTURED

James River Tobacco, of

an excellent quality.

HEWES & MILLER.

August 15.

FOR SALE;

The Lease for Six Years, or to be Rented

A Store and Bake-House,

IN Queen Street, in a capital stand for business. The oven is large, the store convenient, and there is an excellent yard. Enquire at the printing office of the Columbian Mirror, or that of the Times.

Sept. 19.

Notice is hereby given;

THAT a PETITION will be presented to the next General Assembly of Virginia, praying that honorable body, to pass a law for opening a road from Thornton's Gap, in the county of Culpepper, to Fauquier court-house, and from thence to Alexandria and the Federal City.

Aug. 15, 1799. 4aw

The Columbian Mirror
AND
ALEXANDRIA GAZETTE.

From the Farmers' Weekly Museum.

HOW TO MAKE EXCUSES.

WHY SHOULD EXCUSE BE BORN, OR ERE BEGOT? *Shakespeare.*

MR. EDITOR,

I know no talent in the application of which some gentlemen more excel than that of excusing; and when I tell you that I am a tradesman, obliged, from the nature of my business, to give credit, I hope you will not doubt that experience has qualified me to speak upon this subject, and to speak feelingly.

There are only two kind of *debtors*—those who *cannot* pay, and those who *will not* pay.—The first have excuses *ready made*—the latter are *obliged* to *make* excuses. The first may be *sometimes* dishonest—the latter are never *very* honest. The first destroy hope at one blow—the latter protract its torments till it expires from weakness. The first is an *acute distemper*, that kills in a few hours—the latter is a *chronic* distemper, worse than death. In a word, Sir, *inability* is tolerable, because *they* cannot cure it—*unwillingness* is painful, because I cannot shorten it.

In *forming excuses*, according to the common practice, the following rules are observed:

1st. That the *same* excuse shall be as seldom repeated as possible.

2d. That the excuses be as various and *plausible* as possible.

3d. By way of maxim—every kind and degree of excuse deserves to be tried, because there is much less inconvenience in postponing a debt than in paying it; and the advantages of *giving words* and *parting* with *money* are all on the sides of the former.

To exemplify these rules, Mr. Editor, permit me to state a case. Z. Y. owes me a bill, I send it, we shall suppose, the 1st of July.—Call again any day next week.

July 1.—"O! this is Mr. Mercer's bill—Now make the excuses in succession.

July 9.—"Not at home."—"When will he be at home?"—"Any time to-morrow."

July 10.—"Has a gentleman with him"—waits an hour—"O! ah! this is the bill—ay—hum!—look in on Monday."

Monday.—"Not at home——gone to 'Change."

Thursday.—"Leave the bill, and I'll look it over."

20.—"There seems to be a mistake in the bill; I never had *this* article—take it back to your master, and tell him to examine his books."

24.—"Just gone out."

29.—"I am busy now; tell your master I'll call on him as I go into the city."

August 16.—"Bless me! I quite forgot to call. This bill is not discharged—bring me a receipt any time to-morrow or next day."

17.—"Gone to Margate, and won't be home till next month."

Sept. 12.—"What! did not I pay that bill before I went out of town?—Are you going farther?"——"Yes,"—"Very well; call as you come back, and I'll settle it."——Calls, and he is gone to dinner at Clapham.

16.—"Plague of this bill!—I don't believe I have so much cash in the house—Can you give me change for a 100l. note!"—"No."—"Then call in, as you pass to-morrow."

17.—"Not at home."

25.—"*Appoint a day*! Why, what does your master mean? Tell him I'll call on him, and know what he means by such a message.

Oct. 14.—"What! no discount!"—"Sir, it has been due these two years."—"There's your money then."—"These guineas are light."—"Then you must call again; I have no loose cash in the house."

And here ends the payment of 9l. 14s. 6d. with three of the guineas light.

From the Bee, published at Edinburg by Dr. Anderson.

NAVAL AFFAIRS.

Accident frequently gives birth to discoveries of the highest importance; and it often happens that men, in very obscure stations in life, are possessed of some useful branches of knowledge, which the keenest researches of philosophy have not been able to discover. An instance of this kind occurred some time ago, that ought to be universally known among all the people of a small nation surrounded and intersected by seas, as ours is.

A vessel having sprung a leak in the Atlantic ocean, which admitted more water than could be voided by the pumps, the master and men, to the number of were obliged to betake themselves in haste to their boat, a small Norway skiff, and abandon themselves to the mercy of the waves in that hazardous vehicle. They were tossed about for some time, in the most imminent danger, every wave seeming to threaten their utter destruction—but were providentially preserved. They all watched together for many hours;—at length it was necessary to take some repose. For this purpose the boat's company was divided into two parties; the master at the head of the one, and the mate at the other; which were to keep watch by turns. During the time the mate was asleep, the master observed a line, or small rope, hanging over the stern of the boat. Thinking this had fallen over by accident, and that it would retard the motion of the boat, he pulled it in. At this time the sea was still much agitated; but the boat went through the water with tolerable ease, and seeming safety. Bye and Bye, however, the storm appeared to increase, the sea being more boisterous, the waves broke upon the little skiff, and they were every moment in danger of being swallowed up. In the agitation and bustle which this occasioned, the mate was awakened; and seeing the rope away from the stern, he flew into a violent passion, thinking it had been, by the carelessness of some person, allowed to slip overboard entirely. Being informed of the truth, and seeing the line, he instantly seized it, and threw it out behind the vessel, taking care to fix one end of it very securely to the boat. The other men could not comprehend the meaning of all this; but to their agreeable surprise they found that in a few minutes the sea ran more smooth than before, and the little skiff bounded over its surface in a much easier manner than they had just experienced.

The mate then told them that he himself, being a Norwegian, had been bred up as a fisherman on the coast of Norway, and had often experienced the salutary effects of this contrivance. Every person on that coast, he said, knew its effects perfectly, so that no boat ever goes to sea there without a spare line for that purpose, as it has been found, by many trials, that in case of a storm arising, a boat could live in a rough sea with much greater safety with such a line dragging after it, than without it. The boat's company, without being able to assign any reason for this phenomenon, were well convinced of its efficacy on the present occasion, and took care to avail themselves of it until they were providentially taken up at sea, after having suffered great hardships from hunger and thirst.

Captain Kennedy, after he was on shore, took care to communicate an account of this discovery; but how it happened to be so little averted to, I cannot tell. He afterwards drew up a narative in writing, which now lies before me, in which he states another fact that strongly confirms the great utility of this very simple contrivance.

"On our passage to London, on board a large ship deeply loaded, the sea ran high for several days; and, scudding, it was thought absolutely necessary to put in the dead lights. The weather being cold, and not having a fireplace in the cabin, caused us to constitute in its place a large tub filled with sand, in which we made a fire, and not only dressed victuals for the cabin, but also for the ship's crew; as there was no possibility of making fire on the deck. In this situation my mate applied to the master of the vessel for leave to put out a tow line, which he scornfully refused:—however, next morning, when the master of the vessel was asleep, we put out a tow line, a coil of lanyard of sixty fathoms, with a piece of wood at the end line. To the great astonishment of the mate and crew then on deck, the sea abated, and did not range or come near the ship's stern, as it had done before the line was made use of. Next morning, two of the middle dead lights were taken down, and the ship's crew were able to make fire on the deck: *though the sea ran as high as before the line was made use of.* The line was kept out the remainder of the voyage, when scudding. I have had frequent trials of the line in passages from Jamaica, in the depth of winter, without ever making use of dead lights, unless sometimes in the quarter windows, and in a small vessel and cold weather while scudding."

(Signed)

JOHN KENNEDY.

LONDON, JULY 22.

EDITORIAL REMARKS.

At the moment when the last changes in the usurpation were effected at Paris, we were not backward nor afraid to deliver our opinion with regard to their nature, their importance, and probable effects.—We saw with uneasiness the degree of interest and expectation they excited in the public mind, and we felt it our duty to dissipate hopes so sanguine and so unfounded.

Far from considering an intrigue (to be compared only with the revolution of a Seraglio) as of general or political importance, we applied ourselves to shew that the change which had taken place, was a change only of persons, and of persons only in secondary or subservient stations.—We endeavoured to satisfy the public, that while Barras remained at the head of affairs, it was of little consequence who occupied the inferior offices, either in the Directory or *under it*. Whether Sieyes or Rewbel possesses his confidence: whether Ramel or another be his Chancellor of the Exchequer, is beneath our care and beneath our curiosity. When Cæsar joined with himself some Gohier or Moulins in the Consulate, the Romans in derision called it the Consulship of Julius and of Cæsar.

We have had the satisfaction of observing our opinion make its way here, while it has been constantly justified and corroborated from abroad.

From the very moment of the recommencement of hostilities in Suabia, it became evident, that the fortune of the Republic was no longer seconded by that ability and dexterity in evil, which had hitherto upheld it in spite of its guilt, and in spite of its weakness. Even from the day of Carnot's exile, the vigor which that bold conspirator had impressed upon the measures of the Luxemburg, appeared wanting in their councils. We missed a certain character of greatness, which he stamped upon their wickedness, and the energy with which he defied their crimes. Whether it be true or not, that disorder in the brain precedes the dissolution of the body, or that heaven deranges the intellect of those whom it determines to destroy, it is certain that as the hour of retribution has approached to the French Regicides, they have receded from the constancy and fortitude which distinguished their early attrocities, and have dwindled into common criminals, confounded by their guilt, and irresolute from their fears.

As soon as *Barras* had taken the resolution of sacrificing his ministers, and suffering the councils to resume a part of the privileges, of which he emersed them in September, 1797, it appeared to us, we confess, if the republic were to be saved, that one of these two courses would have been taken—either, that the councils would have improved the opportunity to overthrow the tyranny altogether, and to involve Barras in the fate of his instruments: or else, that Barras would have endeavored by some of those measures (which during nine years the French have called great ones) to divert the attention of the republic from the councils; to extinguish their importance in the lustre of victory; and to balance their authority by the power of the army.

The late commotions that have taken place in the Thuilleries upon the opening of the Ultra Revolutionary Club, in the Salle du Manege, will be considered of more or less importance according to the tempers rather than to the judgment of them. In itself it is a very natural consequence that the jacobins whom Drouet continues to guide, should renew their ancient discussions, and hold the same furious orgies over which he and his friend Babeuf were accustomed to preside. When the government allowed the clubs to resume their sittings, this circumstance was to be foreseen; and it was also to be expected that they would meet with some part of the opposition which triumphed over them before, and brought them to trial. The Jacobin Club appears to cause no jealousy in the councils, and to be agreeable to Barras. The Chouans who besieged it were even dispersed by the *directorial soldiers*. From hence, alone, we are not induced to augur any immediate results of importance, at least any not previously concerned with the government, of which the club appears at present rather an engine than an enemy.

In fact, the good understanding that appears to exist between the executive power, the Legislature, and the Jackobins, is perhaps one of the most fatal and most palpable signs of the weakness of the Republic, and of the utter extinction of all principle and energy in the nation. The present tyranny seems to be prolonged only by that extraordinary state of the public mind, which has been called the "*Indolence of despair*:" and that apathy of the people which renders them incapable of making the least effort or struggle, and induces them to confide their hopes of redress and amendment to the God they have renounced, the Sovereign they have betrayed, and the nations they fight against.

At the present moment the reins of Government seem ready to fall into any hand that will teach at them. Either the principle of ambition is effete and spent, or the calamities of *France* have made the sceptre itself undesirable.]

This we consider to be the true secret, why in the late alterations so little has appeared of individual ambition—why none of the changes that have taken place have led to great results, even to ulterior conspiracies.

Barras indeed has to swallow some bitter pills, but they are gilded with great art and care. The trial of his former associates, and the denunciation of his Secretary Legarde, cannot be agreeable even to one so disciplined in perfidy and revolution, although in every accusation there is a kind of saving clause for himself. It is "during his absence," or "against his will" that all the frauds and peculations were committed. But he reigns only over the general langour which he dares not to dispel by any act of vigour or *eclat*.

Never yet perhaps was a sovereign so unenvied, or a pre eminence so little desired. The approach of Suwarrow, like the approach of death, bids men resign all their hopes, their passions, their revenges. It cannot be, but that Barras has his enemies and his rivals too; but they will trust their cause to Suwarrow.

NASSAU, AUGUST 23.

General Bowles is arrived here in the Fox schooner from Jamaica.

Last Saturday, when the Fox was close in with St. Domingo, there was a long and severe action, which appeared to be an assault made by Toussaint's army on the Mole. The firing continued for several hours after dark.

Arrived, schooner Jupiter, Nelson, from New-York and Bermuda.

AUGUST 30.

Yesterday the Lion privateer, Petty, returned from a cruize. Four days since, captain Petty spoke two American armed brigs from Baltimore, a few days out, bound on a cruize off the Havanna.

Last night, John Stiles, esquire, returned in a cartel vessel from Havanna. On the passage hence to Havanna, the cartel was boarded by a boat from the Amphion frigate, and the dispatches for the Spanish governor were broke open and examined, in defiance of every remonstrance. This extraordinary procedure excited much surprise at Havanna, where it was with difficulty credited. The dispatches from the governor of Cuba, in answer, were put on board unsealed, as he said it was now proved that a seal neither afforded security, nor insured respect.

The people of Havanna are said to be extremely apprehensive of a British invasion taking place in the course of the approaching winter months.

NEWBURYPORT, SEPTEMBER 13.

SEVERE ACTION.

Extract of a letter from Moses Brown, esq. commander of the United States ship Merrimack, to Mr. William Bartlett, of this town, dated August 20.

"I suppose you will have heard the fate of your ship Rose, ere you receive this—but perhaps not particulars. The enclosed list of killed, wounded, &c. is handed me at this place by Mr. Starke, as an authentic account. Captain Chase behaved with the greatest bravery and conduct, but at last was overpowered and boarded.

Captain Chase, of the ship Rose, owned by Mr. William Bartlett, of Newburyport, was taken the beginning of the present month, (August) by the privateer L'Egypt Conquise, and after a brave defence of one hour and a half was obliged to submit to superior force.

List of killed and wounded

Killed—Benj. B. Dennison, mate; John Tyler; Samuel Foot; and Samuel Williams, the last of whom was shipped in Surrinam.

Wounded—Captain Chase, slightly; Abel Hale; John Whaling; Samuel Hopkinson; Francis Hall; Johnson Brookins; Moses Currier; Richard Long; Samuel Perlon; Wm. Reed; Samuel Well; Smith Adams; Thomas Kenniston; Joseph Norton, John Stone, and a Dutchman—all comg

well, except Hale and Whaling, who were severely hurt.

Captain Chase enaged 30 Americans from Cayenne, to ship on board his vessel, but they afterwards declined shipping, Captain Chase is of opinion that had they been in his ship, he should have taken the privateer, as he had hulled her very dangerously before he was wounded. Thus far the account.

No letters have yet been received from captain Chase or any of his crew. Many reports of particulars of the action are in circulation—but they cannot be depended on. The force of the privateer is not known—nor their lols. It is supposed that captain Chase had 26 men and that 6 only remained unhurt. The ship and cargo was probably the most valuable ever bound to this port from the W. Indies.

FRANKFORT (KEN.) AUGUST 22.

The convention having finished the business for which it was called, rose on Saturday last. The constitution is now printed and ready for delivery.

By a gentleman who arrived in town last evening, we are informed, that those villains who broke the Danford jail (the Harps) have added two more murders to the black catalogue of their crimes, since our accounts of last week. They went into a house belonging to a Mr. Graves, killed him and his son, and took their bodies from the house and threw them over the fence in some weeds, where they were found two or three days after by the smell. [Guard. of Freedom.]

Three men were killed about 12 days since by the Indians on the post road up the Ohio river, between Muskingham and Scioto; this information is said to be bro't by the post who saw two of the bodies scalped. [Ibid.]

A gentleman who arrived in town yesterday from Bourbon, says accounts were just received there that the Indians had killed upwards of 300 people on Mud river; what degree of credibility is due to this account we cannot say, as we did not see the gentleman, and do not know from what source the report came to Bourbon. [Ibid.]

PITTSBURG, SEPTEMBER 14.

Extract of a letter from a gentleman in New Orleans, to his friend in this place, dated July 23, 1799.

"The yellow fever rages here to a very alarming degree—governor Gayoso died of it a few days ago; he is greatly lamented.

"No market for American produce."

NOTICE.

ALL just claims against WOODS and BEMIS in this place will be paid by the subscriber, and those indebted to said firm will take notice, that prosecutions will be commenced against them unless something more than promises are given.

BARTEMEUS WHITE.

Sept. 26.

THE business transacted under the firm of THOMAS ROGERSON & Co. having ceased by the removal of Thomas Rogerson—Mr. Bartemeus White is fully authorised to settle all accounts of the said firm. As we are not conscious of there being any accounts against us in Alexandria, we have only to call on those indebted to make speedy payment as above.

THOMAS ROGERSON & Co.

Alexandria, Sept. 12, 1799.

DANCING SCHOOL.

L. DUPUY & C. LEFEBVRE

RESPECTFULLY inform the Ladies and Gentlemen of Alexandria and its vicinity, that they will open a Dancing School on Wednesday the 24 of October, at the usual place, where all the most fashionable dances will be taught with accuracy; such as Minuets of every description, Allemandes, Cotillions, Set-Dances, Reels old and new, &c. with all the newest steps analogous to each dance.

L. Dupuy and C. Lefebvre beg also leave to acquaint the public that the utmost decorum and decency will be kept in their school, and that the greatest attention will be paid to the children entrusted to their care.

PRICE OF TUITION:

Five Dollars as entrance money, and Ten Dollars per quarter—the quarter to consist of Three months.

The days of attendance will be from ten A. M. to one P. M. of every Wednesday and Saturday. For the convenience of those who cannot with propriety attend the day school, an evening school will be kept for gentlemen on said days from 6 in the evening till 9.

N. B. The entrance money will only be expected from those who have not been taught by Mr. Lefebvre.

Sept. 26. sw3

Alexandria, September 26.

Interments at Philadelphia, for the 24 hours, ending Saturday noon, 18.

At New-York, for the 24 hours, ending Friday noon, 5.

The United States are no more spoken of in any of the debates and paragraphs in Paris, than if they never existed—or that the most perfect good understanding existed between the two nations.

A letter from Thomas Auldjo, Esq. dated 14th July, has the following paragraph, which we insert for the information of our commercial friends, viz. "In the Almanacs, &c. printed in America, I am in the list of Consuls put down as resident at Poole, which misleads American captains. My residence is at Cowes. My commission is for Poole, Cowes, and such ports as are nearer my residence than that of any other Consul."

The Revolutions and Convulsions which so frequently take place in France, have no effect upon the gay inhabitants of Paris. Though these events had the effect to shut up the councils, they would produce no sensation if they did not shut up the Theatres: and nobody would ask what became of the Makers of Laws, provided the Makers of Caps and Bonnets were spared.

A country paper has, with a vengeance, suited *the word to the action* in the following sublime description of a thunder storm:—

"Wednesday morning the sable hemispheric concave assumed a premature mourning for the impending state of the surrounding storm; the earth appearing negative received the condensed discharges of the elementary fire, whose ramifications were forced in all z g zag directions, and appeared, to an undaunted observer with awful grandeur, one extensive blue æthereal blaze, with peal on peal in grating horrors rolling through expansive space, re-echoing terror at each angling close!"

The description proceeds in the same rumbling concatenation of words, till it comes to the shocking catastrophe of having singed some children's stockings, which had been exposed on a hedge to dry. [Phil. Pap.]

PORTLAND, SEPTEMBER 9.

The district court of Maine, was opened last Tuesday at Pownalborough.—At this court, the ship Mac of Boston, was libelled and condemned for a breach of the laws of the United States, against the slave trade.

It appeared from the evidence, that this ship was loaded and prepared at Boston, in the month of November last, for a voyage to Africa; that the crew were deceived as to the nature of the voyage, they having shipped for, and really supposed they were bound to the Cape de Verds. About four weeks after they were at sea, the captain, whose name is John Bolt, belonging to the state of Rhode-Island, informed them for the first time, that "they would see Africa before they saw any other land."

Two hundred and seventy persons of both sexes, were received on board the ship on the coast; and *two hundred and twenty* of them safely landed and *advantageously sold* at the Havanna; the other fifty having died on their passage.

The record of these facts, will remain an eternal monument of disgrace to mankind. A savage, who had not abjured both nature and its God, would shrink with horror at this complicated tale of crime and misery. What then shall we say of a *christian*, a *Bostonian*, who accumulates his wealth by this nefarious and infernal traffic!—The astonishment (though not the indignation) of the humane will subside, when they are told that this ship was owned, loaded and sent upon this execrable voyage, by an "EXCLUSIVE PATRIOT" a BAWLER FOR LIBERTY, EQUALITY and the RIGHTS OF MAN!!!

NEWBURYPORT, SEPTEMBER 10.

Extract of a letter from a master of an American vessel at Port Republican, dated 11th August, 1799.

"Here are about 400 sail of American vessels, the whole have not sold 2000 dollars worth. Those arrived first are in the same situation as the last. One reason is the Americans have been out and purchased up all the sugar and coffee they could lay hold of, another, the quarrel between Toussaint and Rigaud. Rigaud has made many of the blacks believe that Toussaint has made an agreement with the English and Americans to come and make all the blacks slaves again. This makes great confusion among the inhabitants. Many of the blacks have revolted from Toussaint. This place has been supplied by the English.

"I am the first American arrived with fish, and have not been offered one farthing for the whole of my cargo. They are determined not to do any business until there can be passing and repassing without danger to any ports, which are now cut off by Rigaud's barges. It is supposed that a great many Americans have been taken by those barges, and all hands massacred. We are afraid to land our cargoes for fear of the mulattoes coming in, and cannot get permission to go to any other port."

STONINGTON, SEPTEMBER 17.

Extract of a letter from capt. David Baldwin, of this town, to his brother, dated Kingston, (Jamaica) July 21, 1799.

"The times are bad—the English and French are capturing all they come across; there are sixty sail of American vessels in this port, 52 were sent and brought in by British cruisers, and their cargoes have been condemned.

NEW-YORK, SEPTMBER 21.

The frigate Adams, commanded by R. V. Morris, esquire got under weigh from the north river yesterday morning, and dropt down as far as the watering-place. On passing Governor's Island, she hove to and fired a federal salute, which was answered from the Fort. We understand she is immediately to repair to her intended station.

Isaac Williams, who commanded a French privateer from Guadaloupe, came passenger in the schooner Chloe, from Turk's Island, arrived at New London.—He had hardly touched his native shore, before he was arrested. After a few interrogatories by the civil authority, he was sent to prison. It is supposed he will be immediately summoned before the district court now sitting at Hartford.

The United States ship Connecticut captain Tryon, lying in New London harbor, has received her guns on board; we understand she has already three fourths of her complement of men.

The New London Gazette says, our city has not experienced so healthy a summer for seven years past.

PHILADELPHIA, SEPTEMBER 21.

A number of citizens have returned to town within the last few days. "First cleanse your houses," is the forcible injunction of experience.

Business, which has suffered a pretty general relinquishment, by the late alarm, begins to revive. We see many shops open, and many old friends from the country with new faces.

RICHMOND, SEPTEMBER 17.

On Tuesday last the citizens of Richmond, saw a source of wealth and convenience open to their view. The communication, between the James River Canal with a spacious bason was opened, and in the presence of a numerous concourse of citizens the directors of the work, accompanied by the executive and many other gentlemen, passed into the bason in a boat, followed by many others loaded with the valuable produce of our agricultural brethren.

Captain Mayers, who had called out his company of artillery, fired a federal salute upon this pleasing event, and harmony seemed to reign throughout the crowd.

The operations of this work commenced about 12 years ago, and except the communication to tide water by means of the locks, and a few improvements upon the canal and bason, the work is nearly completed.

If the present season should be favorable for the operations now carrying on, the bed of the river through the mountain and up Crows ferry, will be rendered safe, and tolerable easy in its passage; And it is believed, that two more favorable summers for such work, will permit all the improvements to be made on the other parts of the river, which have been contemplated.

KINGSTON, (JAMAICA) AUGUST 13.

In the Cutter Sprightly, which arrived on Sunday from Charleston, was brought one of the principal mutineers belonging the Hermoine frigate—he has been long confined in America, and has been given up to suffer the punishment due to his crimes.

We understand that in St. Domingo differences between Rigaud and Toussaint have arose to a very great height; Rigaud's party is in possession of the Mole and Port-de Paix; his army and Toussaint's are encamped opposite each other between Fort L'Acul and Petit Goave. Intelligence received on board the Surprize frigate, cruising off Jeremie, mentions the death of Rigaud as a thing certain.

A NAVAL SONG,

By David Humphreys, Esq. minister plenipotentiary of the United States at the court of Spain.

1.

GAILY lads! our friends we're leaving,
Honor calls us to the main;
Sweethearts! what's the use of grieving,
We but part to meet again.

2.

Soon aveng'd our country's quarrels,
What delicious joys we'll prove,
Sweet reposing, crown'd with laurels,
In the arms of those we love.

3.

Love of country, love of glory,
From our mother's breasts we drew,
Our forefathers fam'd in story,
Give the great example too.

4.

Hail Columbia's hardy seamen,
Bravely bred on boist'rous waves—
Faithful to ourselves as freemen,
Not the world can make us slaves.

5.

"Arm our floating tow'rs of timber"—
Congress bids—each pulse beats higher,
Shew the world our joints are limber,
Nerves of steel and souls of fire.

6.

Now our breasts with ardor glowing,
Feel our bold forefathers' flame;
Thro' our veins their pure blood flowing,
Can our deeds disgrace their name?

7.

Haste then seize each plund'ring corsair,
Where the waves insulted roll,
Trade protect in ev'ry quarter,
From the Tropic to the Pole.

8.

Thence to the wide world's wonder,
Masters of the mighty deep,
While we guard our coast with thunder,
Ye at home may safely sleep,

9.

Let us live a band of brothers,
Whether on the land or sea;
'Tis our strength and not another's,
That would make or keep us free.

10.

Never fearing foes or weather,
Union being still our boast,
Free we'll live or die together—
"Union," boys! in bumpers toast.

NOTICE.

☞ *The members of the Alexandria Artillery Company are requested to attend parade, at the usual place, on Saturday next, at 3 o'clock in the afternoon.*

Sept. 26.

Public Vendue.

On Friday next will be sold at the Vendue Store,

Superfine & second Cloths,
CASIMERES, &c. &c.
at a credit of 60 days.

P. G. MARSTELLER.

Alexandria, Sept. 23d, 1799.

Public Vendue.

On Friday next will be sold at the Vendue Store,

RUM in hogsheads and barrels, Gin in pipes, Molasses in hogsheads, Sugar in barrels, New-England Rum in barrels, Port Wine in pipes, half pipes and quarter casks, at a credit of 60 days. Irish Linens, Checks, Men's and Women's Silks, Cotton Checks, Callicoes, Threads, Ticklenburgs, superfine and second Broad Cloths, &c. Casimeres, at a credit of 60 days.

P. G. MARSTELLER.

Alexandria, Sept. 26, 1799.

Jacob Hoffman,

Has received by the Apollo, via Baltimore, part of his

FALL GOODS,

among which are

CLOTHS,	KERSEYS,
Coatings,	Halfthicks,
Swansdowns,	Kendal Cottons,
Fiannels,	Striped and Rose Blankets,
Calicoes,	Welch Pinnies, &c.
Drab & mixed Plaines,	

He expects the remainder of his Fall assortment by the first vessel from Liverpool to this port.

Sept. 26.

Office of Collector of Revenue, Alexandria.

OWNERS of Carriages within the Corporation of Alexandria, will please to take notice, that they have to make entry with me of their Carriages, on or before the 30th of the present month, and pay the duties thereon, for the year to commence the first day of October next agreeably to an act of the congress of the United States. The law of the United States requires also, that persons who shall commence the having or keeping of any Carriage subject to duty, after the month of September, and before the month of September, in the next succeeding year, shall and may, at any time during the month, in which they shall commence the having or keeping of a Carriage, make entry thereof, and pay such proportion of duty, as the time, at which they shall commence the keeping of a Carriage, to the end of the month of September, then next ensuing, shall bear to the whole year.

Retailers of foreign distilled Spirituous Liquors and Wines whose Licenses have expired have to renew them, and those commencing the retailing of either Spirits or Wine, are to obtain a licence in conformity of an act of the Congress of the United States, or the penalty for selling without licence (which is 50 dollars) will be exacted.

CHARLES PAGE, Coll'r of Revenue, 12 h division 2d Survey.

September 4, 1799.

Prince William County Court, Aug. 10, 1799.

Hannah Dickenson, executrix of Edward Dickenson, deceased, complt. } In Chancery
against
James Ritchie & Company, and Thomas Harrison, jun. defts.

THE defendants James Ritchie and Company not having entered their appearance according to the act of assembly and the rules of this court, and it appearing to the satisfaction of the court that the said Ritchie and Company are not inhabitants of this country, on the motion of the plaintiff by her counsel, it is ordered that the said defendants do appear here on the first day of November court next to answer the bill of the plaintiff, and that the defendants Thomas Harrison and all others residing in this state indebted to or having any of the said Ritchie & Co's effects in their hands, do not pay, convey away, or secrete any such debt or effects, until the further order or decree of this court; and that a copy of this order be forthwith inserted in one of the newspapers published in the town of Alexandria for two months successively and at the court house door of the said county.

A Copy,
Teste,
JOHN WILLIAMS, C. C.

Aug. 29. 2 m.

Prince William County Court, Aug. 10, 1799.

Henry Washington, late Sheriff of Prince William County, compl't. } In Chancery.
against
James Wilson and James Dunlop, surviving partners of Colin Dunlop and Son and Co. Thomas Harrison, jun. and William Wilson, defts.

THE defendants Dunlop and Wilson not having entered their appearance according to the act of assembly and the rules of this court, and it appearing to the satisfaction of the court that the said Dunlop and Wilson are not inhabitants of this country, on the motion of the plaintiff by his counsel, it is ordered that the said defendants do appear here on the first day of November court next to answer the bill of the plaintiff, and that the defendants Thomas Harrison and William Wilson, and all others residing in this state indebted to or having any of the said Wilson and Dunlop's effects in their hands, do not pay, convey away, or secrete any such debts or effects until the further order or decree of this court, and that a copy of this order be forthwith inserted in one of the newspapers published in the town of Alexandria for two months successively and at the front door of the court house of this county.

A copy,
Teste,
JOHN WILLIAMS, C. C.

Aug. 29. 2m.

To be Rented,

and possession given immediately,

THE MILL of the subscribers, at the mouth of Goose Creek, in Loudoun county. In point of situation, none can surpass it, having a great command of water, when other neighboring Mills are without; as a grist mill, the Maryland and Virginia custom is considerable; and as a Merchant Mill, the country surrounding being a very good farming one, must always afford a constant supply of wheat. Any person who may incline to take the same for a term of years, may ascertain the terms on application to the Subscriber living in Loudon County, adjoining the premises.

LUDWELL LEE,
THOS. LUD. LEE,

July 30.

WE WISH TO LET

The House adjoining Adam Lynn's,

lately occupied by Bickly & Buckner.

W. HARTSHORNE & SON.

8 Month 19, 1799.

Prince William County Court, Aug. 10, 1799.

William Foker, complt. } In Chancery.
against
James Dunlop and James Wilson surviving partners of Co. lin Dunlop and Son and Co. an Thomas Harrison, jun. & William Wilson, defts.

THE defendants Dunlop and Wilson not having entered their appearance according to the act of assembly, and the rules of this court, and it appearing to the satisfaction of the court, that the said Dunlop and Wilson are not inhabitants of this country, on the motion of the plaintiff by his counsel, it is ordered that the said defendants do appear here on the first day of November court next to answer the bill of the plaintiff, and that the defendants Thomas Harrison and William Wilson and all others residing in this state indebted to or having any of the said Wilson and Dunlop's effects in their hands, do not pay, convey away or secrete any such debt or effects until the further order or decree of this court, and that a copy of this order be forthwith inserted in one of the newspapers published in the town of Alexandria for two months successively and at the front door of the court house of this county.

A Copy,
Teste,
J. WILLIAMS, C. C.

Aug. 29. 2 m.

RECEIVED
Via Philadelphia and New York, and for Sale by the subscriber, viz.

4-4 Printed Calicoes,

5-4 do. Elegant Chintzes,
Printed Muslin Shawls,
Dimities and Ginghams,
5-4 laboured & fringed Mohair Shawls,
6-4 do. do. do. do.
Printed Quintings,
White figured do.
London superfine Kersemeres,
do. do. Navy blue Cloth,
do. do. black do.
A few bales of Yorkshire narrow Cloths,
Silks, Checks, Manilla,
Elastic Stripes, Swansdowns,
Hosiery,
Silk and Twist,
Fancy Feathers, Glove Ties, &c.

M. SANDERSON.

32 Water Street, Baltimore.

N. B. A further supply daily expected into Baltimore.

Sept. 13. 6w.

JUST RECEIVED
Per the schooner Porcupine, and offered FOR SALE BY

Wm. Hartshorne & Son,

70 Puncheons Grenada Rum and
10 do. Martinico Molasses
Also per the schr. Polly, from Massachusetts,
A Case of Writing paper,
Do. Hats.
A few boxes Soap & Candles, and
74 Pieces Tow Linen.
8th Month 7.

FOR SALE BY

John Gardner Ladd,

MUSCOVADO SUGARS in Hogsheads and barrels, Coffee, Cotton, Molasses, Pepper, Allspice, Ginger, Nutmegs, Cloves—Young Hyson, Hyson, Hyson Skin Souchong and Bohea Teas of the latest importations in whole, half and quarter chests; Rum Brandies and Geneva in hogsheads and pipes; Beef, Pork, Shad and Herrings; Ravens Duck, Gurrahs, Russia Sheetings, Osnaburgs, Cordage and Cables, Wrought Cut Nails, Bar-Iron, German Steel in tubs, dry white Lead, Stone Yellow, Yellow Ochre, Window Glass of various sizes, Cotton and Wool Cards, Brown Soap, Chocolate, Raisins, Printing & Wrapping Paper, Timothy and Clover Seed, Stone Lime, &c.

Alexandria, 1st Sept. 1799.

JUST RECEIVED,
By the Schooner Evelina, and for Sale, by

Josiah Faxon & Co.

A general Assortment of

S H O E S,

Amongst which are

LADIES kid slippers of the latest taste and fashion, gentlemen's fine shoes, women's rand shoes, calf-skin and fancy fluff slippers, misses' Morocco and leather slippers, boys and children's shoes.

They have also for Sale,

Boston and Rhode-Island lime, West-India and N. E. rum, beef in barrels, mackerel, herrings, shad, loaf and brown sugar, coarse and fine salt, coffee in bags, mould candles, gin in cases, plank and scantling, and a few barrels of Pork.

September 5.

THE subscriber will Sell the LEASE of the UNION-TAVERN, which he now occupies, which lease will expire the 12th of May, 1801—or he will let the same on a rent till the expiration of the lease.

Also will be Let two new erected DWELLING HOUSES with other conveniences, at the corner of Union and Duke's streets.—For particulars apply to me, at the Union tavern.

SAMUEL HILTON.

Alexandria, August 12.

NOTICE.

Will positively be Sold to the highest bidder, on the second day in October,

FIFTY LOTS,

ADJOINING the corporation of Alexandria, beginning on the river and extending as far back as Alfred street, which will be near the present Georgetown road; they will be laid off conformably to the town of Alexandria and streets extended. A plat of these lots will be made which may be seen in the course of fifteen days. A small part of the purchase money will be required in sixty days, and a very extensive credit given for the balance upon each lot. Any person that will come forward and purchase the whole will be treated on very advantageous terms. For particulars please apply to the subscriber.

B. DADE.

Locharbour, Sept. 2, 1799.

John Duffey,

At his Comb Manufactory, Fairfax Street Opposite Messrs. Patton and Butcher's Iron Store,

Has just received and offers for sale, a neat assortment of country made

Whips and Canes

of a superior quality—which he will dispose of at a low rate, either single or by the dozen.

He still continues to carry on his business as usual, and has on hand a quantity of

Ivory and Horn Combs;

and is in hourly expectation of receiving a supply of

TORTOISE SHELL.

July 25.

Roberts & Griffith

Have just received, and for Sale,
An assortment of

GROCERIES;

Among which are the following:

Imperial, Young Hyson, Hyson, Hyson Skin, Souchong and Bohea } TEAS, of the latest importation and best quality, chiefly of the Delaware's cargo, the last arrival at Philadelphai from Canton,

Loaf, lump and brown sugar,
Coffee in bags and chocolate in boxes,
Holland and country gin,
French brandy and West India rum,
Whiskey and peach brandy,
Rice in tierces,
Fresh raisins in kegs and boxes,
Soft and hard shell'd almonds,
Dixon's mustard,
Copperas, alum, brimstone and madder,
Fig blue in small boxes,
Poland starch and brown soap,
Leiper's snuff and rappee do.
Pepper, nutmegs, ginger and pimento,
Writing and wrapping paper,
Bar iron, castings and nails,
Window glass, 8 by 10 and 10 by 12,
A few sets of China,
A small invoice of well assorted saddlery, &c.

May 16.

Catlett and Meeks

Have just received, and offer for sale at their Store, next door to the corner of Prince, on Union Street—

8000 wt. best Green Coffee in bags
800 wt. Loaf and Lump Sugar
120 wt. real Spanish Indigo.
1st & 2d quality Barbados and Surinam Sugars, in hhds. and bbls.
Molasses in do.
Whiskey in do. and tierces
Shad and Herrings in do.
Spanish Segars in boxes
1 trunk of Ladies' shoes

Together with a small quantity of BACON

July 25. tf

TAKE NOTICE.

That a petition will be presented to the next general assembly of the state of Virginia,

for liberty to establish a ferry from the subscriber's land in the town of Alexandria to the Maryland shore.

JESSE TAYLOR.

Alexandria, 9th September, 1799. 2 m.

I will open a Night Scool,

on the 1st October next, at my public school room, corner of King and Pitt streets.

JOHN LIVINGSTON.

Sept. 19. 1 08.

FOR SALE,

A House and Lot,

Situated in Wales's alley, near the Brewhouse 40 feet by 39; being the corner of two alleys, and so near the river, its situation for a boarding house or store, is exceeded by few, and rents at a nett yearly rent of 48l. For terms apply to

JOSIAH FAXON & Co.

To be Rented,

And immediate possession given,

The STORE, with a WAREHOUSE and CELLAR, corner of King and Fairfax streets, lately occupied by Coats Ridgway. Its situation for business is equal to any in Alexandria, being in the most central part of the town. For terms apply to Col. D. Ramsay, or

COATS RIDGWAY.

Marine Insurance Company of Alexandria.

N O T I C E.

THE holders of Stock of the "Marine Insurance Company of Alexandria" are hereby notified, that a further payment of Two and a half dollars on each share, is required to be made at their office in Alexandria, on or before Wednesday the first day of January. Reference to the following annexed extract from the law of incorporation of this company, will shew the necessity of a PUNCTUAL observance of this call.

By order of the President and Directors,
J. B. NICKOLLS, Sec'y.

Alexandria, Sept. 14, 1799.

Extract from the act of assembly of the State of Virginia Incorporating the "Marine Insurance Company of Alexandria."

"AND if any subscriber, his executors, administrators or assigns, shall fail to pay the sum called for, upon each share so held by him, her, or them, at the time appointed for such payment, every such share shall be forfeited and all the monies paid thereupon for the use of the company; and the holder or holders of such share or shares, shall moreover be liable for the remaining sums of money, payable upon such share or shares when the sums shall be called for by the President and Directors.

law

To Rent

AND IMMEDIATE POSSESSION GIVEN,
a convenient two story frame

Dwelling-House, Kitchen,

&c. adjoining Mr. M'Clean's bake-house.—For terms apply to

JOSEPH RIDDLE & Co.

Alexandria, Sept. 21, 1799.

Pasturage.

EXCELLENT PASTURAGE for Horses, adjacent to the Federal Spring. For particulars enquire at the office of the Mirror.

Sept. 21.

Ten Dollars Reward,

WILL be given to any person who will deliver me in Alexandria, a negro man named PETER, the property of Mrs. Mary Grahame, who absconded from this place on the 25th of August last, he is tall and of a slender person, very black, with small and reddish colored lips. A reward of 5 dollars will be given for securing him in any jail, and giving information to

DAVID W. SCOTT.

Alexandria, Sept. 20, 1799.

Notice is hereby Given

THAT a Petition will be presented to the next General Assembly of Virginia, to extend the Charter of the Bank of Alexandria

Sept. 4, 1799. 1 Nov.

AMOS ALLEY

HAS removed his Shoe-Store next door to John Johnston Hatter's shop, and nearly opposite Dr. Kennedy's, where he has now on hand, and intends keeping, a general assortment of SHOES.

Country merchants and others may be supplied on the most reasonable terms.

Alexandria, Sept. 7. 2m.

For Sale, or Rent,

THE TENEMENT, lately occupied by James Watson, situate on the intersection of Prince and Pitt streets, fronting on the former forty nine feet and extending ninety four feet along the latter.

—ALSO—

A valuable Store-House and Lot in Georgetown,

on the main street and in the most eligible situation for business—fronting thereon about forty feet and extending backwards two hundred and forty feet or more, lately occupied by T. I. Beatty.

For terms, apply to

WILLIAM HODGSON.

Alexandria, Sept. 7, 1799.

Joseph Riddle & Co.

Have received per the Elizabeth, Capt. Rose, from London, 81 packages of

Seasonable Goods.

They have also imported into Baltimore (and hourly expected here) a large assortment of WOOLENS, LINENS, PRINTED GOODS, MUSLINS, & STUFFS,

Which will make their assortment very complete for spring or fall.

July 6.

FOR SALE,

30 Pipes and 40 Qr. Casks Red Port Wine,

Of the vintage of '96 and '97, imported in the ship Pomona, Capt. Waters, direct from Oporto.

JAMES WILSON.

ALEXANDRIA:
Printed every Tuesday, Thursday, and Saturday,
BY
HENRY GIRD, Jun.